

Efficient Exploration of Translation Variants in Large Multiparallel Corpora Using a Relational Database

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Multilingwis
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Motivation

- We identified several types of online parallel corpus query systems¹,
- some of which address the interested public (i.e. non-linguists): Glosbe², Linguee³, Tradooit⁴...
- These systems provide ad-hoc searches with free input instead of a formal corpus query language.

¹Volk, Graën, and Callegaro 2014.

²<https://glosbe.com/>

³<http://www.linguee.com/>

⁴<http://www.tradooit.com/>

Linguee

For a pair of languages, Linguee

- provides dictionary information,
- lists parallel sentences where the search words appear in one of the languages,
- highlights the search words in the source language and the corresponding words in the target language.

Linguee

The screenshot shows the Linguee homepage. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for 'About Linguee', 'Linguee auf Deutsch', 'Login', 'Feedback', and 'Help'. Below the navigation is a social sharing section with links for Facebook, Twitter, and Google+. The main feature is a large, stylized 'Linguee' logo. Below it, the text 'English-German Dictionary.' and 'Search 1,000,000,000 translations.' is displayed. A language selection dropdown menu is open, showing various language pairs: English ↔ Spanish, English ↔ German, English → German, German → English, English ↔ Portuguese, English ↔ Spanish, English ↔ French, English ↔ Italian, English ↔ Russian, and English ↔ Japanese. The background features a light blue gradient.

The screenshot shows the search results for 'los médicos en formación' from English to Spanish. The results are listed in a grid format. The first result is a definition: 'médicos pl' - doctors pl. The second result is 'en forma' - in shape adj. The third result is 'formación f' - training n. The fourth result is 'los médicos en formación' - physicians pl. The fifth result is 'en forma' - fit adj. The sixth result is 'formación' - education n. The seventh result is 'los médicos en formación' - knowledge n. Below the results, there's a section titled 'External sources (not reviewed)' with several examples of how the phrase is used in context, such as 'médico de profesión' and 'doctors in training'. The background is white with some gray shading around the results.

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Concept

Multilingwis

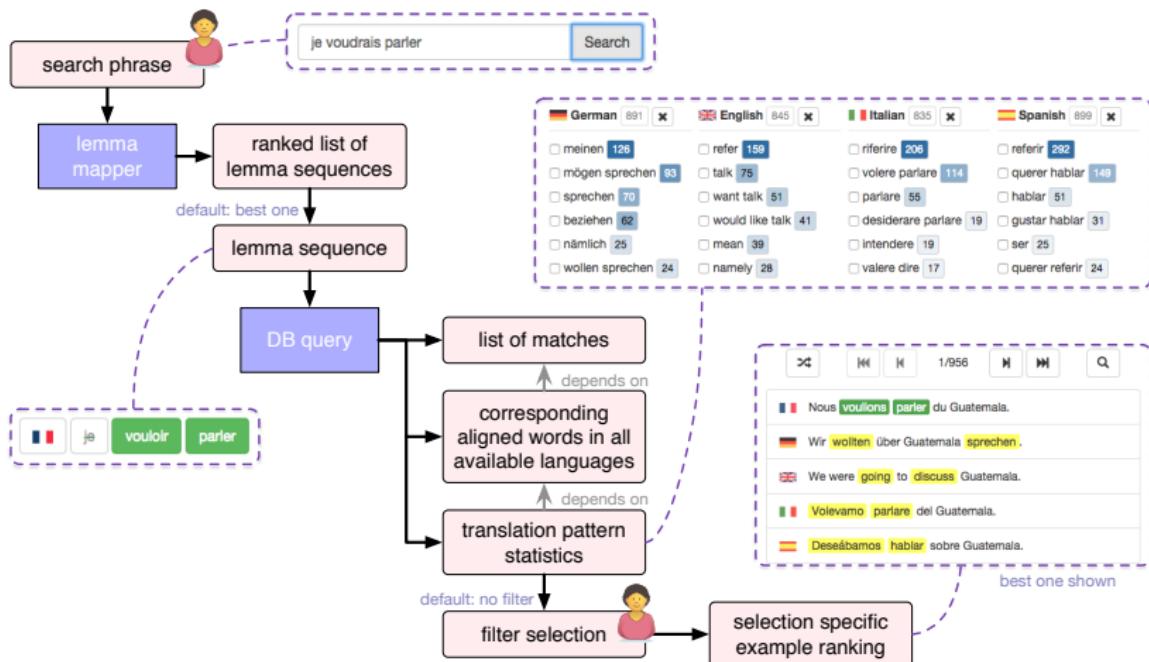
Multilingual Word Information System

We designed Multilingwis to be a corpus exploration system that

- allows for similar ad-hoc searches
- shows the distribution of translation variants
- offers a reverse search for each of those variants
- provides examples with translation equivalents marked

Another important aspect: Prompt responses!

Workflow



Workflow

- A user types in a word or expression.
- The input gets lemmatized and function words are removed.
- The database performs a search for the given sequence of lemmas, where up to 3 function words are allowed in between each two content words.
- It then looks up the alignments, i.e. translation equivalents, for all hits and aggregates them to a frequency distribution of translation variants.
- The overall best example is determined based on shortness and displayed together with the translation variant distribution.

Demo

<http://pub.cl.uzh.ch/purl/multilingwis>

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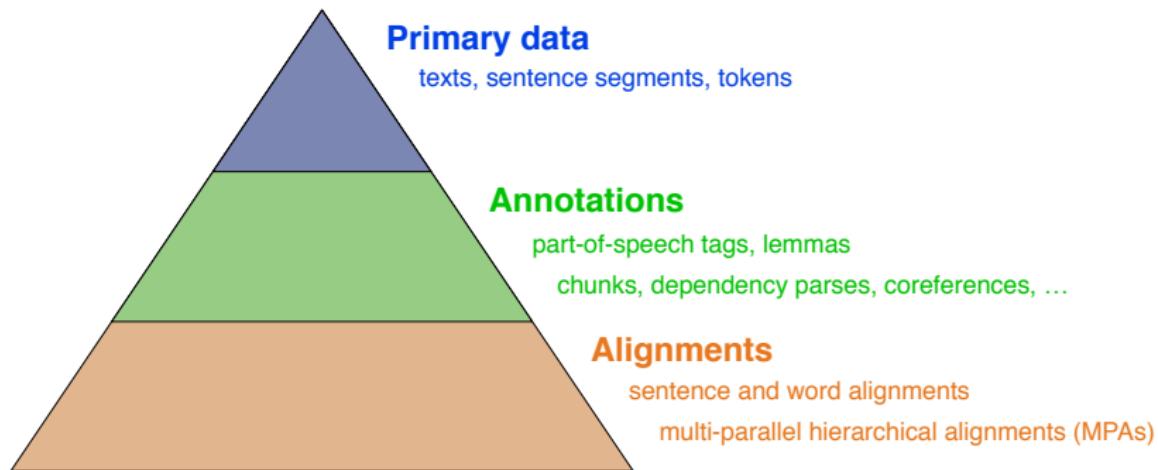
Our Corpus

Version 3

- 146.652 speaker turns from **Europarl/CoStEP**⁵ in five languages: English, French, German, Italian and Spanish
- Pipeline:
 - tokenization, part-of-speech tagging and lemmatization with the **TreeTagger** and its featured language models
 - tag mapping to universal part-of-speechtags (uPoS)
 - rule-based sentence segmentation
 - pairwise sentence alignment with **hunalign**
 - pairwise word alignment with **Giza++** based on lemmas (≡ word form, if no lemma assigned) of content words (ADJ, ADV, NOUN or VERB)

⁵Graën, Batinic, and Volk 2014.

Layout



Database-driven Corpus⁶

all these layers are represented as attributes and relations in a relational database management system (PostgreSQL)

⁶Graen and Clematide 2015.

Figures

- 22 m content words per language
- 1.7 m sentences per language
- 16 m pairwise sentence alignments
- 434 m pairwise content word alignments

| Language | Tokens | Types | w/ Lemma | Lemma Ratio |
|----------|--------|---------|----------|-------------|
| English | 43 m | 127.105 | 73.250 | 57.6 % |
| French | 47 m | 142.898 | 83.937 | 58.7 % |
| German | 41 m | 367.159 | 174.885 | 47.6 % |
| Italian | 43 m | 181.478 | 108.147 | 59.6 % |
| Spanish | 45 m | 175.817 | 75.187 | 42.8 % |

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Efficient Retrieval

Materialized Views and Composite Indexes

For efficient retrieval, we built

- a materialized view on lemmas and relevant foreign keys,
 - only relevant attributes
 - all in a single view
- composite index over all columns starting with the lemma (7.3 GB for 220 million rows),
- another composite index on symmetrized view of word alignments (9.0 GB for 418 million single word alignments).
 - null alignments skipped
 - ‘union’ symmetrization method for better recall

Efficient Retrieval

Regular B-Tree Index

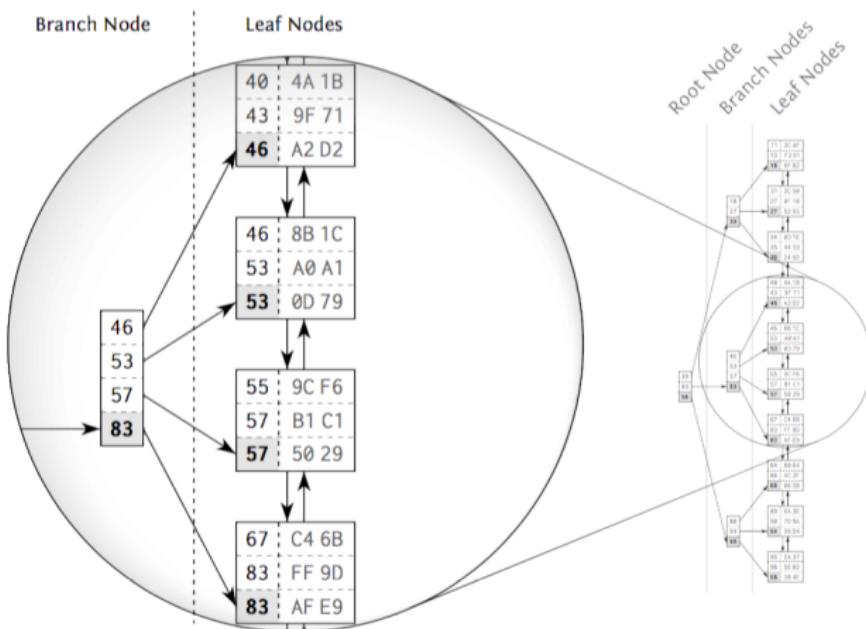


Diagram from <http://use-the-index-luke.com/>

Query

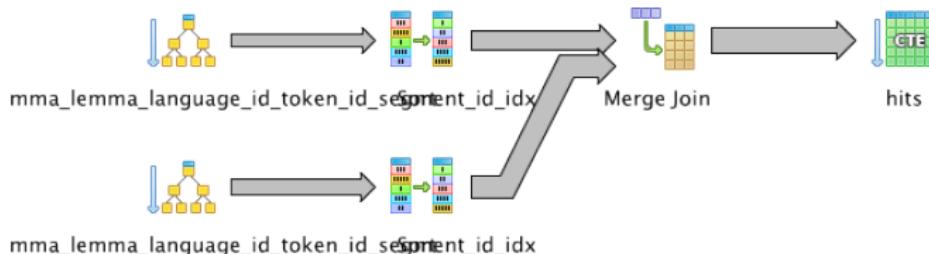
The query function

- scans the lemma index to identify all hits,
- retrieves translation equivalents by intersecting hits with the alignment index,
- joins the lemmas of all aligned tokens and aggregates frequencies of lemma sequences (translation variants).

A particular search function is responsible for each count of source lemmas, allowing for pre-planned queries.

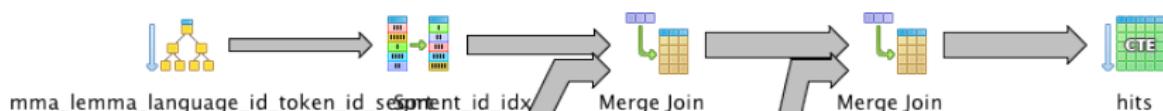
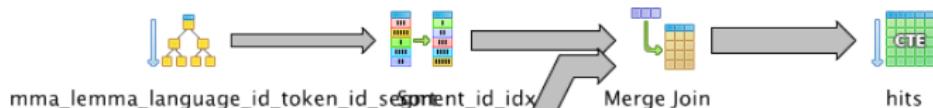
Identifying Hits – Query Plan

for Lists of 2 and 3 Lemmas



Identifying Hits – Query Plan

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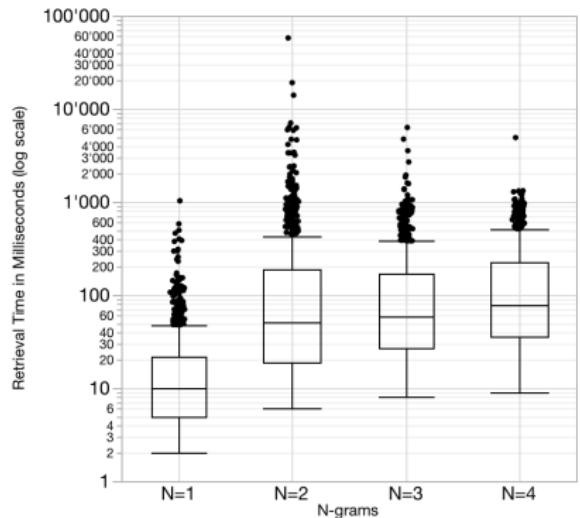
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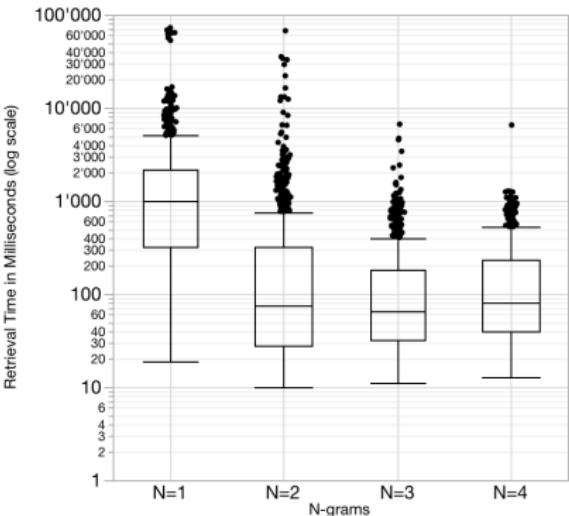
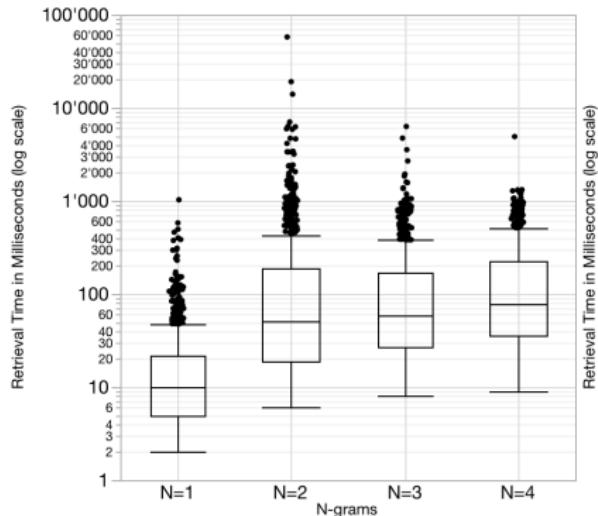
Performance

Hits and Translation Variants



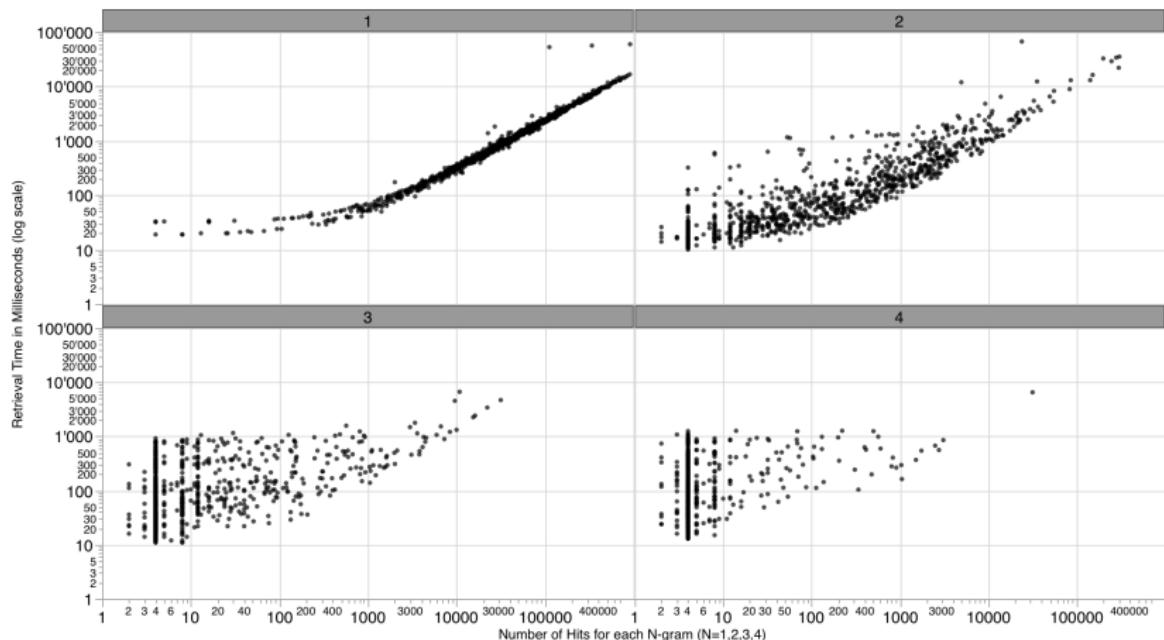
Performance

Hits and Translation Variants



Performance

Correlation of Number of Translation Variants and Retrieval Time



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Conclusions

- We built an efficient corpus query system for exploration of multi-word units in large corpora.
 - Most multi-word queries (75 %) need less than 1 second.
- Materialized views provide an application-specific direct access to the required data.
- Database indexes allow for fast retrieval, but need to be adjusted to the particular use case (query).

Outlook

A new release of Multilingwis planned:

- two additional languages: Polish and Finnish
 - sampling from search hits – 10 000 could be a reasonable limit
 - export of retrieved data

Questions?

ES Tengo una pregunta muy sencilla.

DE Ich möchte eine sehr einfache Frage stellen.

EN I have a very simple question.

FR Je voudrais poser une question toute simple.

IT Ho una domanda molto semplice.

ES Tengo varias preguntas.

DE Ich habe etliche Fragen.

EN I have quite a few questions.

FR J'ai quelques questions à poser.

IT Ho varie domande.

ES En realidad tengo algunas preguntas.

DE Ich habe noch ein paar Fragen.

EN I am left with a few questions.

FR J'aurais encore quelques questions à poser.

IT Ho ancora un paio di domande.

ES Tengo una pregunta candente que hacer.

DE Ich muss eine dringende Frage stellen.

EN I have one burning question to ask.

FR J'ai une question brûlante à poser.

IT Ho una domanda urgente da sottoporre.

References I

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-  Martin Volk, Johannes Graën, and Elena Callegaro (2014). “Innovations in Parallel Corpus Search Tools”. In: *Proceedings of the 9th International Conference on Language Resources and Evaluation (LREC)*. (Reykjavik). European Language Resources Association (ELRA), pp. 3172–3178

References II

-  Johannes Graën and Simon Clematide (2015). “Challenges in the Alignment, Management and Exploitation of Large and Richly Annotated Multi-Parallel Corpora”. In: *3rd Workshop on the Challenges in the Management of Large Corpora*. (Lancaster). Ed. by Piotr Bański et al. Institut für Deutsche Sprache, pp. 15–20
-  Simon Clematide, Johannes Graën, and Martin Volk (2016). “Multilingwis – A Multilingual Search Tool for Multi-Word Units in Multiparallel Corpora”. In: *Computerised and Corpus-based Approaches to Phraseology: Monolingual and Multilingual Perspectives – Fraseología computacional y basada en corpus: perspectivas monolingües y multilingües*. Ed. by Gloria Corpas Pastor. Geneva: Tradulex, pp. 447–455